

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Name:	Glycol Ether DPnB
Synonyms:	1-(2-butoxy-1-methylethoxy)-2-propanol; n-butoxypropoxypropanol; dipropylene glycol n-butyl ether
CAS#	29911-28-2; alternate CAS# 35884-42-5
Product Uses:	solvent
Supplier Identifier:	Megaloid Laboratories Limited 5515 North Service Road, Suite 306 Burlington, Ontario, Canada L7L 6G4

EMERGENCY Call CHEMTREC - (800) 424-9300 (CCN # 693764) INFORMATION

Phone: 905-337-7411 / Fax: 905-337-1686

2. HAZARDS

GHS Class (category)	Not Hazardous	
Signal Word	None	Label Pictograms
Hazard Statements	None	

GHS Precautionary Statements for Labelling
No Precautionary Statements

3. COMPOSITION

Chemical Name:	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers
Dipropylene Glycol n-	29911-28-2	100	EC # 249-951-5
Butyl Ether			

4. FIRST AID

Inhalation

Remove from contaminated area promptly. CAUTION: Rescuer must not endanger himself! If breathing stops, administer artificial respiration and seek medical aid promptly.

Skin Contact

Wash with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and do not reuse until thoroughly laundered.

Eye Contact

Wash eyes with plenty of water, holding eyelids open. Seek medical assistance if there is any irritation.

Ingestion

Give plenty of water to dilute product. Do not induce vomiting (NOTE below). Keep victim quiet. If vomiting occurs, lower victim's head below hips to prevent inhalation of vomited material. Seek medical help promptly.

First-aid Comments

Inadvertent inhalation of vomited material may seriously damage the lungs. The danger of this is greater than the risk of poisoning through absorption of this relatively low-toxicity substance. The stomach should only be emptied under medical supervision, and after the installation of an airway to protect the lungs.

5. FIRE FIGHTING & FLAMMABILITY

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Foam, dry chemical, water fog, water spray only to cool & dilute, product floats on water - water jet spreads flames

Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, smoke, part oxidized hydrocarbon fragments.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

Firefighters must wear SCBA. Fire-fighters may enter the area if positive pressure SCBA and full Bunker Gear is worn.

Static Charge Accumulation

Probably cannot accumulate a static charge on agitation or pumping

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Restrict access to area until completion of cleanup. Ensure cleanup is conducted by trained personnel only. Wear adequate personal protective equipment. Ventilate area. Extinguish or remove all ignition sources. Notify government occupational health and safety and environmental authorities.

Environmental Precautions

It is good practice to prevent releases into the environment. Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any waterway. If the spill is inside a building, prevent product from entering drains, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Leak Precaution: dyke to control spillage and prevent environmental contamination

Handling Spill: Ventilate contaminated area; recover free liquid with suitable pumps; absorb residue on an inert sorbent, sweep & pick up using plastic or aluminium shovel, & store in closed containers for recycling or disposal.

Other Information

Report spills to local health, safety and environmental authorities, as required.

7. HANDLING & STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

This product may react with oxygen in air to form explosive or flammable peroxides; never distil to dryness. Keep containers full & tightly sealed. If prolonged storage of a part container is anticipated, flush headspace with dry nitrogen gas prior to sealing. Empty containers may contain a flammable vapour. Always ensure that containers – empty or full – are tightly sealed unless in use.

Never cut, drill, weld or grind on or near this container. Avoid prolonger contact with skin & wash work clothes frequently. An eye bath must be available near the workplace.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store & use in a cool, dry environment, away from sources of ignition & oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL & PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ontario TWAEV	not listed	Ontario STEV	not listed
ACGIH TLV	not listed	ACGIH STEL	not listed
OSHA PEL	not listed	OSHA STEL	not listed

	No special mechanical ventilation required
Hands	No special gloves required; neoprene gloves are resistant – other types may also protect
Eyes	Safety glasses with side shields – always protect the eyes
Clothing	No special protective clothing required

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

9. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Clear colourless liquid.
Odour	mild ether odour
Odour threshold	not known
рН	none – (does not liberate hydrogen ions when dissolved)
Melting Point/Freezing Point	below -75°C / -103°F
Initial Boiling Point/Range	230°C / 446°F
Flash Point	$100^{\circ}C/213^{\circ}F$ (Setaflash, closed cup) – also reported as $111^{\circ}C/231^{\circ}F$
Evaporation Rate	0.006 (Butyl Acetate =1)
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not Available
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limit	0.6% - 20.4% (at elevated temperatures – 145°C & 180°C)

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Vapour Pressure	0.068mmHg / 0.0091kPa (25°C / 77°F)
Vapour Density (air = 1)	6.6
Specific Gravity	0.911 (25/25°C)
Water Solubility	45 grams/litre (20°C / 68°F)
Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)	1.523
Auto-ignition Temperature	189°C / 372°F and 194°C / 381°F
Conversion Factor	1 ppm = 7.77 mg/m ³
Viscosity	4.2centipoise (25°C / 77°F)
Physical State	Liquid
Molecular Weight	190 grams per mole
Molecular Formula	С10-Н22-ОЗ

10. REACTIVITY

Dangerously Reactive with strong oxidising agents. **Also Reactive** with: none known

Chemical Stability *Stable; will not polymerize*

Decomposes in Presence of Not known

Decomposition Products None apart from Hazardous Combustion Products

Sensitive to Mechanical Impact No

11. TOXICITY

Acute Toxicity		
LD ₅₀ (oral)	1475-4400mg/kg (rat – 4 tests), 1850, 2160, 3160 & 4000mg/litre (rat); 2160mg/kg (mouse)	
LD50 (skin)	5340 & 6488mg/kg (rabbit), >2000mg/kg (rat) – no mortality seen	
LC50 (inhalation)	>327mg/m ³ /42ppm, >2040mg/m ³ /263ppm, 5400mg/m ³ /695ppm (rat) – no mortality seen	

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Little or no effect; considered "slightly irritating" by several sources Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Slightly irritating

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

Inhalation

Little to no effect anticipated due to low vapour pressure at ambient temperatures Saturation vapour concentration @ $20^{\circ}C = 90$ ppm; $LC_{50} > 265$ ppm **Skin Absorption** Yes, but no toxic effects likely by this route. **Ingestion** Not known – may cause stomach discomfort and diarrhoea.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

Prolonged exposure may cause drying of skin, leading to dermatitis.

Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

Not known to be a respiratory sensitizer. **Carcinogenicity** Not considered a carcinogen in humans or animals – NOAEL >11,070mg/m³, IARC: Not specifically listed. ACGIH®: Not specifically designated. NTP: Not specifically listed. OSHA: Not specifically listed.

Reproductive Toxicity

Sexual Function and Fertility No known effect in humans or animals **Germ Cell Mutagenicity** No known effect in humans or animals

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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Bioaccumulation	probably not a bioaccumulator due to moderately high water solubility	
Persistence and Degradability	Biodegradation -	
Mobility in soil water	water caluble; mayon readily in call and water	
Mobility in soil, water	water soluble; moves readily in soil and water	
Aquatic Toxicity		
LC50 (Fish, 96hr)	841mg/litre (Poecilia reticulata)	
EC50 (Crustacea, 48hr)	>1000mg/litre (Daphnia magna) – only 2 of 20 individuals lost swimming ability after 48hr	
EC50 (Algae)	556mg/litre ("green algae") – predicted from ECOSAR modelling	
EC100 (Bacteria)	>1.56mg/litre (Salmonella typhimurium)	

13. DISPOSAL

Water Disposal

Do not flush to sewer, recycle solvent if possible, may be incinerated in approved facility Containers

Drums should be reused. Recondition and pressure test by a licensed reconditioner prior to re-use.

Pails must be vented and thoroughly dried prior to crushing and recycling.

IBCs (intermediate bulk containers): polyethylene bottle must be pressure tested & recertified at 30 months. Replace at 60 months (5yrs). **Steel containers** must be inspected, pressure tested & recertified every 5 years.

Never cut, drill, weld or grind on or near this container, even if empty

14. TRANSPORT CLASSIFICATION

Canada TDG	PIN		
AND	Shipping Name	Dipropylene Glycol n-Butyl Ether	Not regulated for transport
U.S.A. 49 CFR	Class & Packing Group		

Marine Pollutant	Not a Marine Pollutant	
ERAP Required	NO	
Reportable Quantity	NO	
E R G No.	NO	

Important Note: Shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, package size, and/or origin and destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

15. REGULATIONS

Canada DSL	On Inventory
U.S.A. TSCA	On Inventory
Europe EINECS	On Inventory

Canadian Regulations

CEPA - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

Not specifically listed.

U.S.A. Regulations

SARA 302/304

This product contains no known chemicals regulated under SARA 302/304. **SARA 311/312** Based upon available information, this material is classified as the following health and/or physical **SARA 311/312** hazards according to Section 311 & 312: Health Hazards Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure **SARA 313** This product contains no known chemicals regulated under SARA 313.

US State Regulations

Chemicals associated with the product which are subject to the state right-to-know regulations are listed along with the applicable state(s):

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Pennsylvania -	Listed
New Jersey –	Listed
Massachusetts -	Listed

National regulations

Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (29911-28-2)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIOC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on Turkish inventory of chemical

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATING	Health 1	1	Flammability	1	Instability 0
Prepared for Preparation Date:	January 200)4	bratories Limited by		Richard Koscher
Revision Dates:	Feb 2007, Fe	eb 2	2010, Feb 2013, Aug 2015,	Auç	g 2018, Jan 2019
Key to Abbreviations	ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA® = AIHA® Guideline Foundation HSDB® = Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer NFPA = National Fire Protection Association NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP = National Toxicology Program OSHA = US Occupational Safety and Health Administration RTECS® = Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances				
References	CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). HSDB® database. US National Library of Medicine. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). NIOSH Pocket Guide database. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS®) database. Dassault Systèmes/BIOVIA ("BIOVIA"). Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS).				
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