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megaloid.ca

Safety Data Sheet

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Glycol Ether DPnB Name

1-(2-butoxy-1-methylethoxy)-2-propanol; n-butoxypropoxypropanol; **Synonyms**

dipropylene glycol *n*-butyl ether

29911-28-2 CAS# Europe EC# 249-951-5 **Product Uses** solvent

HAZARDS

Quick Guide: combustible liquid; no health hazards

Canada - WHMIS not controlled under WHMIS

Kev: **B** 2 – Flash Point $< 38^{\circ}$ C, **B** 3 – Flash Point $> 38^{\circ}$ C & $< 93^{\circ}$ C

D 1 – Immediately Toxic, **D** 2 – Chronic Toxicity

C – Oxidising Substance, E – Corrosive, F – Reactive Substance

U.S.A. – HMIS Health -0, Fire -1, Reactivity -0

0=minimal, 1=slight, 2=moderate, 3=serious, 4=severe Key:

TWAEV / TLV LD₅₀ (mg/kg) % LD_{50} (mg/kg) LC₅₀ ppm **COMPOSITION** mg/m³ ORAL SKIN INHALATION not listed 5340

Dipropylene Glycol n-Butyl Ether 100%

FIRST AID

SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and do not reuse until thoroughly laundered. EYES: Wash eyes with plenty of water, holding eyelids open. Seek medical assistance promptly if there is

irritation.

INHALATION: Remove from contaminated area promptly. CAUTION: Rescuer must not endanger himself! If breathing

stops, administer artificial respiration and seek medical aid promptly.

INGESTION: Give plenty of water to dilute product. Do not induce vomiting (NOTE below). Keep victim quiet. If vomiting

occurs, lower victim's head below hips to prevent inhalation of vomited material. Seek medical help promptly.

Inadvertent inhalation of vomited material may seriously damage the lungs. The danger of this is greater than the risk of poisoning through absorption of this relatively low-toxicity substance. The stomach should only be emptied under medical supervision, and after the installation of an airway to protect the lungs.

5. FIRE FIGHTING & FLAMMABILITY

 100° C / 213° F (Setaflash, closed cup) – also reported as 111° C / 231° F Flash Point

Autoignition Temperature 189°C / 372°F and 194°C / 381°F

Flammable Limits 0.6% - 20.4% (at elevated temperatures $-145^{\circ}C \& 180^{\circ}C$)

carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, smoke, part oxidised hydrocarbon fragments Combustion Products foam, dry chemical, water fog, water spray only to cool & dilute, product floats on Firefighting Precautions

water – water jet spreads flames; firefighters must wear SCBA

Static Charge Accumulation probably cannot accumulate a static charge on agitation or pumping

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak Precaution dyke to control spillage and prevent environmental contamination

Handling Spill ventilate contaminated area; recover free liquid with suitable pumps; absorb residue on an inert sorbent,

sweep,

shovel & store in closed containers for recycling or disposal

7. HANDLING & STORAGE

Store in a cool, dry environment, away from sources of ignition, heat, strong acids and oxidising agents.

This product may react with oxygen in air to form explosive or flammable peroxides; *never distil to dryness*. Ensure that containers are full and tightly sealed. If prolonged storage of a part container is anticipated, flush headspace with dry nitrogen gas prior to sealing. Empty containers may contain a flammable / explosive vapour. Always ensure that containers, whether empty or full, or part full, are tightly sealed unless in use.

Never cut, drill, weld or grind on or near this container. Avoid prolonged contact with skin and wash work clothes frequently. An eye bath and safety shower must be available near the workplace.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL & PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ontario TWAEVnot listedACGIH TLVnot listedOSHA PELnot listedSTELnot listed

Ventilation no special mechanical ventilation required

Hands no special protective gloves required; neoprene may be worn – other types may also protect

Eyes safety glasses with side shields – *always protect the eyes*

Clothing no special protective clothing required

9. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Odour & Appearance clear, colourless liquid with mild ether odour

Odour Threshold not known

Vapour Pressure 0.068mmHg / 0.0091kPa (25°C / 77°F)

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) 0.006Vapour Density (air = 1) 6.6

Boiling Range 230°C / 446°F Freezing Point below -75°C / -103°F Specific Gravity 0.911 (25/25°C)

Water Solubility 45 grams per litre (20°C / 68°F)

Also soluble in most organic solvents, limited solubility in glycols and methanol

Viscosity 4.2centipoise (25°C / 77°F)

pH none – (does not liberate hydrogen ions when dissolved)

Conversion Factor $1ppm = 7.77mg/m^3$ Molecular Weight 190grams per mole

10. REACTIVITY

Dangerously Reactive With strong oxidising agents

Also Reactive With none known

Stability stable; will not polymerize

Decomposes in Presence of not known

Decomposition Products none apart from Hazardous Combustion Products

Sensitive to Mechanical Impact no

11. TOXICITY

Effects, Acute Exposure

Skin Contact little or no effect

Skin Absorption yes, but no toxic effects likely by this route

Eye Contact slightly irritating

Inhalation little to no effect anticipated due to low vapour pressure at ambient temperatures

saturation vapour concentration (a) $20^{\circ}C = 90$ ppm; $LC_{50} > 265$ ppm

Ingestion not known – may cause stomach discomfort and diarrhoea

Effects, Chronic Exposure

General prolonged exposure may cause drying of skin, leading to dermatitis

Sensitising not a sensitiser in humans or animals

Carcinogen/Tumorigen not considered a tumorigen or a carcinogen in humans or animals

Reproductive Effect no known effect in humans or animals
Mutagen no known effect on humans or animals

Synergistic With not known

 LD_{50} (oral) 1475-4400mg/kg (rat – 4 tests), 2160mg/kg (mouse)

LD₅₀ (skin) 5340 & 6488mg/kg (rabbit), Lyondell data >2000mg/kg (rat) – no mortality seen

 LC_{50} (inhalation) $>2040 \text{mg/m}^3/263 \text{ppm}$ (rat) - no mortality seen

Considered to exhibit exceptionally irritancy, and other forms of low toxicity – OECD SIDS Initial Assessment Report November 2003, Propylene Glycol Ethers: http://www.chem.unep.ch/irptc/sids/oecdsids/PGEs.pdf

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Bioaccumulation probably not a bioaccumulator due to moderately high water solubility

Biodegradation one test showed 0% biodegradation in 28 days, another 49% biodegradation under the same test

conditions (OECD 301D), both in domestic sewage sludge and another (modified OECD) showed

91%

in 28 days and 60% in 10 days*

Abiotic Degradation not known – no data available

Mobility in soil, water water soluble; moves readily in soil and water

Aquatic Toxicity

LC₅₀ (Fish, 96hr) 841mg/litre (Poecilia reticulata)*

LC₅₀ (Crustacea, 48hr) >1000mg/litre (Daphnia magna) – only 2 of 20 individuals lost swimming ability after 48hr*

EC₅₀ (Algæ) 556mg/litre ("green algae") – predicted from ECOSAR modelling*

EC₁₀₀ (Bacteria) >1.56mg/litre (Salmonella typhimurium)*

13. DISPOSAL

Waste Disposal do not flush to sewer, recycle solvent if possible, local regulations may permit disposal in sanitary landfill,

may be incinerated in approved facility

Containers **Drums** should be reused. Recondition and pressure test by a licensed reconditioner prior to re-use.

Pails must be vented and thoroughly dried prior to crushing and recycling.

IBCs (intermediate bulk containers): polyethylene bottle must be pressure tested & recertified at 30 months. Replace at 60 months (5yrs). Steel containers must be inspected, pressure tested & recertified every 5 years.

Never cut, drill, weld or grind on or near this container, even if empty

^{*} OECD SIDS Initial Assessment Report November 2003 - Propylene Glycol Ethers: http://www.chem.unep.ch/irptc/sids/oecdsids/PGEs.pdf

14. TRANSPORT CLASSIFICATION

Canada TDG PIN UN - not regulated for transport AND Shipping Name not regulated for transport U.S.A. 49 CFR Class & Packing Group not regulated for transport

Marine Pollutant not a marine pollutant

ERAP Required NO

EMERGENCY INFORMATION

 Canada
 Call CANUTEC (collect)
 (613) 996-6666

 U.S.A.
 Call CHEMTREC
 (800) 424-9300

15. REGULATIONS

Canada DSL on inventory
U.S.A. TSCA on inventory
Europe EINECS on inventory

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared for Megaloid Laboratories by Peter Bursztyn, (705) 734-1577

Data from RTECS, HSDB (Haz. Substance Data Base), Cheminfo (CCOHS), IUCLID Datasheets (ESIS – European Chem. Substance Info. System), & others.

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